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Proceedings of the Third International Conference on Sustainable Innovation 2019 – Humanity, Education and Social Sciences (IcoSIHESS 2019)

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Assalamu’alaykum wr.wb.,

Welcome to the Proceeding of ICoSI 2019 – Social, Humanity and Education Track.

The Third International Conference on Sustainable Innovation 2019 has developed this proceeding. This event was held by Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta. It’s a continuous work from the second one in 2014 which already has been published by Springer (https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007%2F978-981-287-661-4?page=1#toc). Unfortunately, the existence of the first conference cannot be traced down to provide the evidence of its continuity.

This book is presenting one track from 3 tracks that are composing the ICoSI 2019. With the theme of “Sustainable Innovation in Disruptive Era”, this conference established two key points of “sustainability” and “innovation” which served as an umbrella theme for the three conference tracks. Indeed, it is not a purpose of simplification to put this vast of scope into one main focus; rather, to put the main theme of sustainability of innovation into view from different aspect of interest, especially related to the more humane dimension.

There are 4 focal conferences under the umbrella of Social, Humanity and Education: International Symposium of Humanity, Education, Religious studies and Social Sciences (ISHERS), International Conference on Islamic Economic and Financial Inclusion (ICIEFI), International Conference on English Language Teaching, Literature and Linguistics, and International Conference on Islamic Studies in Disruptive Era (ICISDE). Indeed, this proceeding book is a showcase of articles presented at the ICoSI 2019 covering various field of research composing of those focal conferences.

This proceeding book consists of 89 articles, comprised of 37 articles from ISHERSs, 18 from ICIEFI, 26 from ICISDE and 8 from ICOELTICS. Although they
are coming from various field of research, the basic theme of sustainability innovation can be shown either explicitly from the title as well as from implicitly from the results of the work. The need to be sustainable and innovative is discussed variably in the field of Management (e.g. "Why Companies Are Not Always Adopting Sustainable Innovation?"), Economics ("Creative Industry's Startup: How Can Investors Indicate Important Factors to Fund It?"), Financial ("How Does Islamic Financial Technology Influence Debtors’ Preference in Islamic Rural Bank"), or Education (e.g. "The Boarding University Strategy in Developing E-Learning Based Multimedia Instructional", "A Systematic Review of Digital Literacy Training for High School Students", "Blended Learning as a Means of Promoting Autonomous and Collaborative Learning Experiences"), or Social (e.g. “CSR for Child Poverty: Challenging Policy in Disruptive Era", “The Determinants of the Sustainable Slum Beautification Program").

In the production of this valuable work, let me convey my gratitude. First of all, to Allah swt, the mighty God, who has given the blessing, so this event has accomplished fruitful. To the Rector of Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, especially for the Vice Rector for Academic Affairs who has taken the responsibility to assure this event was accomplished successfully. To all the participants who have share their ideas and effort to presenting their works. To all faculty members of UMY; Dean and Vice Dean, who have supported us in encouraging and supporting their faculty members in presenting their works. To all supporting staff of UMY in assuring the event was running very well. Last but not least, to all committee members of ICoSI, for their great effort and dedication; especially for the vice chairpersons who have given their full support, considering my paucity of experience and knowledge in conducting such a great event. For me they are not only associates but also the best of friends. Friends who have been spent the last year of sweat and tears to assure all preparation has done perfectly, almost. Just an expression, since there is no perfection in this earthy world, except in Jannah; the day after. Thus, hopefully, Allah would give you all the best of rewards there, in syaa Allah.

Wassalamu'alaykum wr.wb.

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The Value Chain Holistic Model of Industrial Ulos Weaving Fabric
Dameria Naibaho

The research objective is to create a holistic model of value chains that can enhance tangible and intangible benefits for stakeholders in Ulos Woven Fabric Industry in Pematang Siantar City, Simalungun, Samosir, and North Tapanuli Regency. The specific target is to inventory all activities that occur...

Capacity Building of Apparatus for Reducing Poverty
M. Tamrin

This study aims to describe the information about the existing, reliable indicator of poverty accurate and valid in support of poverty reduction programs in Malang district and to know the data collection mechanism or the poverty rate so that strategy and direction of activities in order to support capacity...
Cyberfeminism has been posited as a new medium to promote women's opinions. In Indonesia, the Community of Mothers (Komunitas Emak-Emak – KEE) has determined itself as a cyberfeminism movement promoting gender equality, especially for mothers. In fact, its presence has been attracting interests during...

Open Legal Policy in the Constitutional Court Decisions and National Legislation Making

Iwan Satriawan, Tanto Lailam

The Constitutional Court’s Decision No. 46/PUU/XIV/2016 which rejected the petition of petitioners to broaden the meaning of zina (fornication) in the Criminal Code of Indonesia has been becoming an interesting issue to be discussed. Some researchers have argued that the Constitutional Court must use...

Developing Scientific Character through Empowerment of Shame Culture in Higher Education

Izzatul Mardhiah, Andy Hadiyanto, Ahmad Hakam, Amaliyah, Dewi Anggraeni

The advancement of digital era has contributed in developing the quality of human resources, accelerating the process of searching knowledge, and affecting demographic and social value aspects. This change requires the Islamic education curriculum to adjust with the challenges and needs in the digital...

Increase Religious Tourism Visit in DKI Jakarta through QR-Coded Pilgrimage Tourism

Sari Narulita, Rihlah Aulia, Amaliyah, Humaidi, Arip Suprasetio, Azry Hidayat

Indonesia, which is known as a country with many religions, has excellent religious tourism potential. Many buildings or historic places that have special...
meaning for religious people. DKI Jakarta, as the capital of Indonesia, also has a variety of tomb sites that are visited by many. But unfortunately...

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Building Character of Sharia-based Human Resources as Significant Component in Facing ASEAN Economic Community (MEA)
Dyah Diwanti

This research aims at analyzing the characters of Sharia-based human resources in facing ASEAN Economic Community (MEA). The data used were those of qualitative data compiled from literatures and other supporting sources. The approach used was qualitative approach using an in-depth study of literature...

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Communication Strategies of the Provincial Government of Bali for a Benoa Bay Reclamation Conflict Resolution in 2016-2017
Suciati, Nur Sofyan

This research aims to describe communication strategy models of Provincial Government of Bali in resolving a reclamation conflict of Benoa Bay. The reclamation refusal led by Forum Masyarakat Bali (ForBali) hampered the reclamation project, mentioned on Presidential Regulation No. 51/2014. Even though...

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Comparison Between Justice Institutions in Indonesia and Justice in The State of Khilafah Hizbut Tahrir Version
Nugraha Pranadita

Crime is a universal problem faced by all civilizations in the world. Various cultures in the world have their own ways of fighting crime that is in their society. The law enforcement mechanism becomes a controlling instrument of crime that is operated by law enforcement. Meanwhile, the judiciary is...

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Understanding Teachers' Knowledge, Skills, and Principles on Language Assessment: A Survey on Teachers' Language Assessment Literacy

Indah Puspawati

The Language Assessment Literacy (LAL) refers to language teachers' knowledge, skills and principles on language assessment and evaluation. This study investigated the LAL of teachers in a higher education context in Indonesia. The three components of language assessments were the focus of the inquiry...

(Mis)matched Perceptions of EFL Teachers and Students regarding Effective Teachers

Sri Murtiningsih

Effective teachers can influence students' learning and success. Research in this area is scarcely found in Indonesian contexts. The objective of the study is to explore teachers and students' perception regarding the criteria of effective teachers using mixed method. The qualitative data gathering process...

How Does Islamic Financial Technology Influence Debtors' Preference in Islamic Rural Bank

Dimas Wiranatakusuma, Tazkiyyah Hawwa

This research aims to analyse the influence of Islamic Financial Technology on the change in Debtors' Preference for Bangun Drajat Warga Islamic Rural Bank Bantul, Special Region of Yogyakarta. The influence of Islamic Financial Technology is measured using several variables, comprising Perceived Financial...

Household Willingness to Pay for Landslide Hazard Mitigation

Household Willingness to Pay for Landslide Hazard Mitigation in Purworejo, Indonesia

Endah Saptutyningsih, Diswandi, Melawati Aziizah

Landslide hazard could have severe impacts on public properties including damaged infrastructure, changing land structure, relocation of buildings and roadways, reduction on water quality in streams and irrigation facilities, etc., Household mitigation for landslide hazard is necessary to reduce such...

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The Potential for Developing Organic and Non-Organic Rice in Bantul District, Special Region of Yogyakarta

Eni Istiyanti, Retno Wulandari

Rising awareness toward the effects of chemical substance on public health and environment has led to the initiation and the development of organic farming system. This research aimed at analyzing the financial feasibility and technical efficiency of the development of organic and non-organic rice farming....

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The Moderating Effect Of Switching Cost On The Influence Of Price And Service Quality Towards Switching Intention

Muhammad Zakiy

This study aims to identify the role of switching cost as a moderating variable in the influence of price and service quality on switching intention. It also attempts to answer the current state of Islamic bank customers in Indonesia by using Reinforcement Theory in the context of switching intention...

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Comparative Study of Islamic Values Between Early and Final Semester Medicine Students

Ardi Pramono

Islamic values are found in the Prophet Muhammad SAW as said by Allah in the Qur'an: "Indeed, the Messenger of Allah has been a good example for you, for those who hope for the mercy of Allah and the coming of the Day of Judgment, and he calls Allah "[Al Ahzab 21]. The characteristics of Rasulullah...
The Politics of Indonesian Chinese at Grassroots Level (A Study of the Village Head of Indonesian Chinese in Bangka Islands)
Ibrahim Ibrahim, Sandy Pratama, Putra Saputra, Rendy Rendy

In a long period, the Indonesian Chinese has avoided electoral political dynamics. Even further, Indonesian Chinese ethnic groups avoid social spaces that openly connoted to the political world. Marginalization and discrimination factors are the right terms to describe the position of the ethnic Indonesian...

Investigating Written Feedback on Students' Academic Writing
Andi Wirantaka

Written feedback in academic writing is an essential factor that enables teacher and students to interact with each other in order to improve students' writing. This research aims to find out the types of written feedback the teachers use for students' academic writing, the most useful feedback, and...

Developing Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC) Weblog Materials
Annida Asni, Suwarsih Madya

This study aims to develop cooperative integrated reading and composition (CIRC) weblogs materials for the second-grade students of MAN 1 Yogyakarta. The materials were developed through ADDIE stages. The qualitative data were analyzed using the descriptive analysis while the quantitative data were analyzed...

Blended Learning in an English Listening and Speaking Course:
Freshmen's Voice and Choice
Fitria Rahmawati

Listening and speaking skills clearly turn into a critical ability for language students as those skills facilitate the fruitful adaptation, particularly on the advancement of education and technology. There have been numerous studies investigating that blended learning supports the enhancement of students’...

The Role of Social Network Sites in Developing English Language Skills: Students' Voices
Puput Arfiandhani

The advance of technology has provided a third virtual space where people from various regions and linguistic background can interact with each other. Social network sites (SNS) such as Facebook, Twitter and Instagram, among others, are the examples of these spaces. As a lingua franca, English is often...

Blended Learning Approach Implementation: Pre-service English Teachers’ Perception
Rizki Farani

The purpose of this study is to investigate pre-service English teachers’ perception about blended learning approach to support them in developing instructional design for English subject. The participants of this study were 2 pre-service English teachers from Teaching Reading and Writing course. In...

The Influence of the Discipline of Congregational Prayer on Student Learning Achievement
Faaiza Nabiela, Rizqi Amalia

This research is a quantitative study of the influence of the discipline of congregational prayer on student learning achievement. It is motivated by the goals of education in Indonesia, which make learning achievement a benchmark for the success of student learning in schools. Researchers are
The Appraisal of Understanding Level on the Cash Waqf Among Members of Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta

Yuli Utami, Muhammad Wawan, Tjiptohadi Sawarjuwono, Abu Hadi

In the disruptive era, cash-waqf has greater potential for humanitarian and economic development impacts. Therefore, this study aims to find the initiative of involvement of Muhammadiyah members in cash-waqf by analyzing their level of understanding of it. The primary data were taken based on the answers...

The Role of Regional Government Expenditures on Regional Economic Growth in Indonesia

Agus Basuki, Yunastiti Purwaningsih, A Soesilo, Mulyanto

This research aims at empirically proving the composition of local government expenditure (education, health, marine and fisheries, agriculture, and general allocation fund) on economic growth in 18 provinces in Indonesia from 2010 to 2015. The model used in this research is panel data regression. The...

Creative Industry's Startup: How Can Investors Indicate Important Factors To Fund It?

Nora Rizal, Jurry Hatammimi, Nurlita Isnaeni

Creative-economy has become center attention of the Indonesian government, by establishing The Indonesian Agency for Creative Economy in 2015. However, funding or economic is still considered as the main obstacle for the creative-industries startups, as the driver for creative-economy, in developing...
An Energy Cost Efficiency in a Platinum-Ranked Green Home

Anis Rahmawati, Taufiq Sucipto, Roemintoyo, Muchamad Aripin

An eco-friendly home, well known as green home, is a home building that pays attention to sustainability aspects of the environment, both in the construction process and in the use of the building. This article reviews the efficiency of energy costs according to building utilization. A green home designed...

Challenge at Work: Innovative Work Behavior among Teachers

Shafa Annida, Intaglia Harsanti

Education is one of the biggest challenges for teachers in the millennial era. Study nowadays is not only about transferring knowledge, that is characterized by unidirectional learning. It is more about how far teachers are able to provide an understanding to students that science is not to be memorized...

Development of “Museum Sandi” Information Application based on Augmented Reality

Andra Setiawan, Ali Muhtadi

Some people argue that museums are the building for saving antiquities. However, based on Government Regulation No. 6/2015, it is noteworthy that museums have other vital functions to educate and entertain people. For education purposes, museums can provide information and communication about their...

A Synergetic Communication Model of Decision Making on Mount Sinabung Eruption Contingency Plan

Puji Lestari, Eko Paripurno, Arif Nugroho, Joao Muni, Januario Pereira

The research aims to find a synergetic communication model in the formulation of the Regent's regulatory policy on the Mount Sinabung eruption contingency plan. This study was conducted with descriptive qualitative methods, the data collection techniques were through interviews, observations and...
collection techniques were through interviews, observations, and documentation...

Why Companies Are Not Always Adopting Sustainable Innovation?
Achmad Sutawijaya, Lenny Nawangsari

In reality, technology adoption is a very complex process. Currently, manufacturing companies have passed the four main phases, referred to as the industrial revolution. The first is called the 1.0 industrial revolution, while the second and third industrial revolutions are known as Industry 2.0 and...

The Boarding University Strategy in Developing E-Learning Based Multimedia Instructional
Rila Setyaningsih, Abdullah, Edy Prihantoro, Hustinawaty

The development of information and communication technology has a significant influence on the development of learning media and method. E-learning is a new way of teaching and learning using information and communication technology as a learning system. Interactive multimedia which is more popular as...

The Determinants of The Sustainable Slum Beautification Program
Adinda Christina, Joko Adianto, Rossa Gabe, Lita Barus

This study aims to understand the determinants of the sustainable slum beautification (SB) program in Indonesia. The SB program has emerged as one of the successful slum improvement programs. However, many slum settlements in Indonesia failed to achieve the expected result. This indicates that the issue...
The Regulations And Ethic Implementation of CSR Program in PT. Sarihusada Generasi Mahardhika Indonesia and Int3Tree Malaysia
Adhianty Nurjanah, Frizki Nurnisya

Corporate Social Responsibility activities are still carried out haphazardly because the awareness of their implementation is only to avoid punishment from the central government, NGO or the society. In order to sidestep the penalty, many companies will do CSR program without any value and dedication...

Public Open Space Policy in Kaohsiung Taiwan
Restu Rahayu

The public open space policy in Kaohsiung is in accordance with Articles 42 and 43 of “Urban Planning Act”, which is regulated to enhance the convenience of the citizen's activities and to ensure a good urban living environment. Article 45 also stipulates the parks, green spaces, squares, children's...

The Effect of Pancasila Education and Civic Education on Nationalist Character of The Students
Arcadius Benawa, Andy Gunardi, Sukron Ma'num, Iqbal Hasanuddin

The main objective of this research is to observe the extent of students' understanding of Pancasila Education and Civic Education towards the formation of nationalist character. For this reason the method used is a quantitative research method which is carried out by submitting a questionnaire to the...

The Empowerment of Women: Eliminating Communication Inequality based on Islamic Perspective
Chairiawaty Maya Palapah

According to Indonesian Central Bureau of Statistics, there were 347,256 divorce cases during 2015. The number tends to increase annually. Allegedly, communication disharmony is the major factor causing divorce. In fact, communication is essential for a family. Most of Indonesians, based on the culture...

Synergizing Progressive Values and Social, Emotional, Spiritual Intelligence in Islamic Education in The Digital Era
Yunita Aristyasari

One of the problems found in this era is the lack of synergy between the social, emotional and spiritual attitude with student's knowledge and skills in following technological developments in the digital era. Thus, Islamic education must be prepared and should not be complacent in facing this era. This...

Heritage and The Local Community Engagement: The Case of Kotagede, Yogyakarta-Indonesia
Yeni Rosilawati, Krisna Mulawarman, Enny Mulyantari

Indonesia has been prominent as a countries in South East Asia with the richness of culture. One of the important heritage sites in Yogyakarta province is Kotagede heritage site. Kotagede is a historic neighbourhood in Yogyakarta, Indonesia. Culture has been so important for the society and creates public...

Strengthening Network-Based Regional Tourism: A Case Study of Network Between Sleman Regency Government and PT. Cikal Bintang Bangsa at the Festival of Light Kaliurang
Muchamad Zaenuri, Rina Eviany, Helen Fridayani

One of the ways to increase regional income is from regional tourism development. Kaliurang is an area in Sleman Regency that is considerably potential in the tourism sector. In this area, there are many tours that offer...
natural and artificial tourism. A tourism object of the Festival of Light Kaliurang...

Comparison of Female Legislative Candidate Selection Between the Nasdem Party in 2013 and the Unidos Podemos Party in 2015
Ahmad Hidayah, Aditya Perdana

The selection of candidates is the initial phase for women to be able to participate actively in politics and to sit in a party or even the parliament. This research analyzes and compares the selection of women candidates between the Spanish political party Unidos Podemos and the Indonesian political...

Persuasive Function in Food and Beverage Service: A Sociolinguistics Approach
Denok Lestari

Language is an arbitrary symbol of sound system, which is used for social interaction, consists of form, meaning, and expression. The study of language (Linguistics) focuses on both aspects of micro and macro linguistics. This present study belonged to the later, i.e. Sociolinguistics, as it discussed...

ICT and Project-Based Learning in a Rural School: an EFL Context
Dessy Santhi, Didi Suherdi, Bachrudin Musthafa

This research presents a description of a technology-based English learning in an Indonesian context project completed by rural high school students. It employed a descriptive qualitative research method in a class consisting of 35 students. The data were collected from videotaped observations, interviews...
Exploration of Grand Mosque Hasyim Asyari
Muhammad Fatih, Herlily, Kemas Kurniawan

This paper will investigate and interrogate the significance and existence of minaret in contemporary urban mosque in Jakarta. Etymologically speaking, minaret derives from the word manaras, which means mercusuar. Throughout history, minaret was not built to amplify call prayer and its development in...

Forming Muslim Middle Class' Piety and Identity In Yogyakarta
Zuly Qodir, Haedar Nashir

The identity of community groups is always present in various forms. Those who belong in the middle-class Muslim community form their piety identity differently from others outside the community. This article states that the middle-class Muslim practices various activities such as studying of Holy Qur’an...

The Politics of Gender in Indonesia's Political Parties
Iradhad Sihidi, Laeli Khanifah, Achmad Romadhan

After the 1998 political reforms, political parties had been encouraged to practice gender politics, oriented to have equality by providing lots of affirmative spaces for women’s involvement as the demand for political parties is more inclusive to women to take apart and carry cooperative programs for...

A Systematic Review of Digital Literacy Training for High School Students
Aqyas Nisa, Diana Setiyawati

The increase of false news (hoax), hate speech, access to negative content, and misuse of internet as a crime media indicated a low level of digital literacy, especially in teenagers and young adults as the age group with the most access to the internet in Indonesia. Digital literacy, the ability needed...
A Need Analysis for The Development of English Vocabulary and Pronunciation E-books for SMA/MA Students
Nanda Nugraha, Abdul Amiseno

The aims of this study is to describe the need analysis of the development of English vocabulary and pronunciation e-books for SMA/MA students. This study used a qualitative descriptive method for the research conducted at SMA Negeri 1 Pengasih. Data were collected through observation and interviews...

The Complexity of Sexual Abuse Problems on Children in West Nusa Tenggara: the Culture against the Law
Dorang Luhpuri, Rini Andayani, Azlinda Azam

The issue of sexual abuse today is quite alarming. Many cases have occurred including in West Nusa Tenggara. A social rehabilitation center that provides services to Children Associated with Law (ABH) in Lombok is quite overwhelmed with client problems, especially those related to sexual abuse issues...

Encouraging Good University Governance (GUG) at Study Program Level
Dyah Mutiarin, Tunjung Sulaksono, Awang Darumurti, Suswanta, Muhammad Khozin, Novita Wulandari, Verawati Srimulyati

This paper aims to describe the implementation of Good University Governance (GUG) at Higher Education Institutions (HEI). This study compared the strategy of two educational institutions, namely the Department of Government Science – Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta (Ilmu Pemerintahan/ IP UMY),...
Learning
Anita Aisah, Ghifari Makhasi

One of the Muhammadiyah education functions known as the preaching of “amar makruf nahi nungkar” (invite to the goodness and avoid to the meanness). This spirit is internalized at all levels of education in the Muhammadiyah School, especially through compulsory subjects called “Al Islam dan Kemuhammadiyahan...”

Embryology In The Qur’an And Hadith: Expanded Multidisiplinary Perspective
Ahmad Husairi

Development of fetus in uterus (embryology) was much mentioned in the Qur’an and hadith. Along with advances in science and technology, especially in the digital era, reinterpretation of embryology with the multidisciplinary approach between Islamic and medical sciences, especially embryology, is a challenge...

Engaging Millennials on Using Chatbot Messenger for Eco-Tourism
Ayu Amalia, Mohammad Suprayogi

Special Region of Yogyakarta is known as one of the tourism icons with eco-tourism potential for natural tourism. Most visitors during the previous year visited coastal tourism area such as the South East Coast cluster. This tourism phenomenon is benefitted from word-of-mouth information dissemination...

Transnational Advocacy in Increasing Women’s Representation in Myanmar’s Parliament
Nur Azizah, Muhammad Ammar Hidayahtulloh

Women in Myanmar have been underrepresented in all aspects, including in the parliament at the union and state/region level. However, the number of women’s representation in parliament at national and state/region level was significantly increasing from 3.7% in 2010 to 10.08% in 2015. The international...
Determination Analysis on Taxes Compliance of SMEs: Case Study in Tangerang, Indonesia
Agustine Dwianika, Naurissa Biasini

This study aims to examine the effect of financial conditions, types, and size on tax compliance of SME in Tangerang with a reduction in tax rates (Tax Facilities) as a moderating variable. The population are SMEs located in Bintaro, South Tangerang. 70 SMEs were chosen by using purposive sampling as...

Mainstreaming Religious Values in Islamic Studies Curriculum Development for Multicultural Society
Firdaus Wajdi, Zulkifli Lubis, Devi Kurniati

Curriculum development is a continues process in improving and adjusting the quality and goals of studying and teaching. One challenging process is, however, to prepare a transformed curriculum for different students. This study aims at illustrating curriculum development process of general religious...

The Implementation of Mangrove Policy on the East Coast of Surabaya
Lunariana Lubis, Agus Wahyudi

Mangrove policy about monitoring policy and control of mangrove area is a policy made to protect and conserve mangrove area. Monitoring and controlling policy of mangrove area in Surabaya is contained in Mayor of Surabaya Regulation No. 65/2011. The purpose of this policy is to maintain and preserve...
Diah Candraningrum

General Elections in Indonesia were just held on April 17, 2019. At that time, all Indonesian people have gave their voting rights in the Presidential Election and Legislative Election. Especially for legislative candidates who are competing to be elected representatives, they do everything they can...

Korean Gastro Diplomacy: Strategy To Enhance Country Promotion Toward Moslem Countries
Ratih Herningtyas

This paper discusses culinary as a medium of cultural exchange and strategic instrument to enhance other countries awareness, to engage on a cultural and personal level, and to encourage economic development such as trade and investment, as well as country promotion with everyday diners. It is no longer...

Worksheet through Problem Based Learning Approach as a Learning Media
Dena Anugrah, Sri Waluyanti

This research was aimed at gaining a worksheet learning media with the steps of Problem Based Learning approaches for the learning of Medical Electronics Practice. This research adapted the development model of Alessi and Trollip consisting three steps, namely planning, design, and development. Product...

Nationalism attitude of Indonesian citizen: A survey
Kunto Satrio, Ilfiandra, M. Solehuddin, Ipah Saripah, Yusi Yustiana

Nationalism is one of the fundamental things for the development of a country since it influences the strength of the country. Over a few decades, the problems of nationalism have been experienced by several countries. This study aims to investigate the attitudes of Indonesian nationalism by using a...
The Decline of Ideology in Indonesia: Parliamentary Threshold and Cleavage among Political Parties in coping with the 2019 Election

Ridho Al-hamdi

This paper examines the response of Indonesia’s parties in dealing with the parliamentary threshold in the 2019 election. It has a twofold objective: to discern the development of political ideology in Indonesia’s post-New Order regime and to identify the current political cleavage among political parties...

New Capitalism After Disaster in Indonesia, Ngelepen Teletubbies Village

Sannya Dewi, Dyah Pitaloka, Anjani Fatharini, Bella Hajarputri

Bantul faced severe damage when the earthquake struck on May 27, 2006 and one totally destroyed village was Ngelepen Village. As a result, 72 families received house-living aid in unique shape. The construction of the house is a dome shaped, that looks like a Teletubbies house (cartoon movie in early...

CSR for Child Poverty: Challenging Policy in Disruptive Era

Rutiana Wahyunengseh, Sri Hastjarjo, Didik Suharto

National Socio-Economic Survey 2017 notes that in the City of Magelang, there were 31.7% of poor people with low education, labor status, and unemployment. Children from this poor family automatically are on child poverty condition. The problems are: (l) How do the city government and the CSR forum...

Introducing Lesson Study to Improve Student Learning in the Classroom

Eko Purwanti, Endro Hatmanto

The 2013 National Education Curriculum requires students to be the center of
teaching and learning process in the classroom. Having Student Centered Learning (SCL) as the teaching approach, the implementation of the curriculum implies that students should be involved actively during the transfer of the...

“I Love Creepy Pasta”: EFL Students’ Book Selection for Extensive Reading
Evi Puspitasari
The important element in extensive reading, a second language reading approach, is materials to read. Finding suitable reading materials is the biggest mission to achieve the goal of the approach which is reading for pleasure or reading engagement. This research aims at uncovering a trend of books selected...

Exploring Career Motivation of Indonesian Pre-service EFL Teachers
Ika Lestari, Puput Arfiandhani
Pre-service teachers may hold different motives in choosing a career path as a teacher. The present study aims at investigating the types of motivation to choose a career as an English teacher among participants from a teacher training program in a private university in Yogyakarta, Indonesia. Of 23 students...

Land Tenure System and Farming Household Food Access in North Cotabato, Philippines
Camille Villapando, Cherry Nuñez, Rachelle Mariano, Melodee Castro, Faustino Arrienda
This study explores the association of land tenure to food access in selected villages in the municipality of Pigmawayan situated in the North Cotabato province of the Mindanao peninsula, Philippines. There were 56 farm tenants that were interviewed in the study through snowball sampling. Using the...
Trade Performance Analysis of Indonesia and Malaysia to the Organization of Islamic Cooperation
Saykha Araz, Dyah Wardani

Along with its development, OIC was able to contribute to the economy, especially in the flow of international trade. Indonesia and Malaysia are the main actors in increasing exports in the OIC countries but Indonesia's exports in 2014-2015 in intra-OIC trade fell by 6.8%, while Malaysian exports in...

Accountability in the Management of Papua's Special Autonomy Funds in Asmat Regency In the 2015-2018 Period
Suswanta, Muhammad Iqbal

The death of 72 residents of the Asmat regency in January 2018 revealed the latent problems of health and welfare in the province of Papua. Tens of trillions of budgets disbursed by the central government each year did not increase the quality of health and welfare of the Asmat population. Cases of malnutrition...

City Branding Strategy and Local Government Readiness
Eli Mihardja, B Bintoro, Rahmita Saleh, Yusmanizar

City branding can start from extracting the potential of Indonesia's regions, which can qualify for world qualifications. Indonesia's Ministry of Tourism's policy also emphasises that the regional government must also build a brand for the region, which is in accordance with the potential and positioning...

Islamic Organization Movement Strategies in the Victory of a Muslim Governor Candidate Pair in the 2017 Governor Election
(A Case Study of Islamic Defenders Front)

Sadam Anwar, Aditya Perdana

This study discusses the political strategies carried out by the Islamic Defenders Front organization in the victory of a pair of Muslim governor candidates in the 2017 Jakarta gubernatorial election. The political strategies carried out in each phase involved mass mobilization for the political candidate,...

A Strategy To Optimize Parking Levies In Malang City

Merintha Suryapuspita, Sulikah Asmorowati

Research on the strategic planning established by the Transportation Department of Malang City in optimizing the regional revenue from parking levies is based on the number of parking lots that can be optimized and unsynchronized strategies that have been made by the Department of Transportation compared...

Issues in the Implementation of Computer-based National Exam (CBNE) in Indonesian Secondary Schools

Bramy Biantoro, Ajeng Arfianti

According to the Indonesian Ministry of Education, the implementation of Computer-based National Exam (CBNE) has been a success and able to improve the assessment quality, logistic efficiency, and student digital literacy in secondary schools. However, there are multiple issues reported during the CBNE,...

An Analysis of Summative Test on the 8th Grade of Muhammadiyah Junior High School of Yogyakarta

Nurul Aisyah

This piece of work was aimed to survey intended to determine the level of difficulty and power of discrimination of a final test with the use of multiple choice applied in the subject of Aqidah-Akhlak for the Muhammadiyah Junior
choice applied in the subject of Aqidah Akhlak for the Muhammadiyah Junior High School’s Eighth Grade in Yogyakarta. Sample of this survey is 200 pup

The implementation of school zonation system in Yogyakarta
Suryanto, Komary

The Yogyakarta Special Province has implemented school zonation system for student’s school admission. The policy has raised various responses from communities that need to be well studied to find best inputs upon impacts of such a policy. This study aims at revealing the responses of the Yogyakarta...

The Impact of the Imposition of Zakat Profession Against Behavioral Academics
Zaini Muchlis, Ecky Imamul Muttaqin

This study aims to investigate the knowledge and understanding of academics staff on zakat and to know the impact of professional zakat on the behavior of lecturers of Muhammadiyah University of Yogyakarta. The objects of this study were lecturers at the Faculty of Economics and Business. This research...

Challenges in Implementing E-Learning in the Language Education Context: Case Study at an English Education Department in Indonesia
Endro Hatmanto, Eko Purwanti

At present the world of education, including the sector of English language teaching, has been witnessing the massive development of information technology and using it as a means of improving the effectiveness of the teaching and learning process. Studies confirm that e-learning improves students' learning...
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Diswandi, Endah Saptutyningsih

Mangrove forests produce ecosystem services benefitting human beings such as protection from tsunamis, abrasion, carbon sequestration; a place for fish nesting; and also for recreational purposes. However, the values of mangrove forests including their recreational value are often ignored. Several mangrove...

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Rizal Yaya, Syahda Nurrokhmah

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Rosi Rosiah, Arsyl Machawan

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Erinda Fauzi, Dian Eka Rahmawati

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Case Study of Remote Pair Self-Disclosure Through WhatsApp Application Services among Indonesian Crews Family on Holland America Line Cruise Ship
Arief Nuryana, Pawito, Prahastiwi Utari, Sudarmo

Nowadays, the improvement of technology has been creating a digital transformation that gradually or radically changing people's behavior and habits in almost every aspect of daily life. As a result, the transformation gradually changes the ways in how people interact with each other. This paper is the...

EFL Self-Concept in an English Drama Club: A Case Study of Two English Language Education Department Students
Arifah Mardiningrum

Self-concept has been considered as one of the determining factors of a student's success in learning. A student organization such as drama club can be a place where students build certain self-concept. The current study is aimed at investigating students' EFL self-concept in relation to their involvement...

Blended Learning as a Means of Promoting Autonomous and Collaborative Learning Experiences
Nina Herlina, Wachyu Sundayana, Pupung Purnawarman

The benefits of the integration of technology in English learning and teaching...
The benefits of the integration of technology into English learning and teaching within a framework of blended learning are likely to outweigh the challenges.

Introducing a combination of online, offline and traditional modes of delivery, this study provides practical ideas on how blended learning led...

A Portrait of EFL Students’ Experiences in an Internship Program: A Case Study

Puthut Ardianto

Doing an internship is one example of experiential learning. Students learning English as a Foreign Language (EFL) are obliged to complete an internship in order to fulfill the requirements of their Bachelor of Education. This study aims to report on the findings of a qualitative investigation through...

The Occupation Shift in the Society around Industrial Region Analyzed from the Effectiveness of Regional Policy in Karawang District, West Java, Indonesia

Juliati Prihatini

In Village of Sirnabaya, Subdistrict of East of Telukjambe, District of Karawang are many industries construction, because the land of agriculture is marginal so it is not productive if use to agriculture activity. The goal of this research is to know the effect of insight from District of Karawang in...

Funeraria and Modern Funeral Homes: Change, Modernity and Sustainability

Rohane Derogongan, Arnann Agosto, Russel Bariñan

Some people make a living out of the dead as the case with workers and owners of funeral homes. Since the 1950's, traditionally operated funeral homes or “Funeraria” which are family-owned have been existing in Iligan City, Philippines. With the advent of technology and modernity, “Funeraria” have to...
Local Wisdom: The Self-Reflection of To Lotang’s People as Mass Media Audiences
Hasse Jubba, Jalaluddin Basyir, Faisal

The To Lotang is the minority people who live along with local wisdom that signify their presence as well as their differences from majority society. The study is aimed to retain the knowledge on how the To Lotang’s local wisdom is manifested in the activity of interpreting information from the mass...

Challenges in the Digital Economy Era of Muslim MSMEs Organic Products in Malang City
Sri Muljaningsih

Muslim MSMEs that produce food made from organic crops in Malang City engage both creativity and innovations. At present, product innovation is unfortunately insufficient, due to facing obstacles in developing their products. This paper depicts a result on the implementation of the triple helix creative...

Exclusivism in Cyberspace: Challenges in Interfaith Communication
Yuangga Yahya, Indra Fajari, Farhah

This article tries to see a phenomenon called Echo Chambers through the perspective of Stella Ting-Toomey’s Intercultural Communication theory. This study shows that the development of social media was also followed by the shadow of Echo Chambers. The tendency to isolate oneself and associate with those...

The Farmer’s Willingness to Preserve Rice Farming in Suburban Areas in Sleman Regency Yogyakarta, Indonesia
Triyono
This research aims to know the level of knowledge of farmers about government regulations on the protection of agricultural land sustainable food and identifying the factors that influence the farmer's willingness to preserve rice farming. The location was determined by a purposive method in six villages...
Mainstreaming Religious Values in Islamic Studies
Curriculum Development for Multicultural Society

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Abstract—Curriculum development is a continuous process in improving and adjusting the quality and goals of studying and teaching. One challenging process is, however, to prepare a transformed curriculum for different students. This study aims at illustrating curriculum development process of general religious study subject for university students. The curriculum has been adjusted to be delivered for specific Muslim students into multi-religious-background students. Therefore, this process involves mainstreaming of values of religions instead of description of formal rituals. This is a qualitative study that utilizes library research, participant observation, as well as interviews as main source of data collections. The observation has been focused in Tanri Abeng University. The university shares unique characteristics in terms of religious studies and therefore important and functional for kind of comparison. Data was collected during May to July 2018. This study discovers that mainstreaming of religious values has been accepted by students of religious studies with multicultural backgrounds in religion. This mainstreaming of religious values has made the connection between the students closer and stronger. This unique approach has enabled the students with different backgrounds of religion to find a common ground among them without harming their own belief.

Keywords—Islamic studies, Curriculum development, Religious values, Multicultural society

I. INTRODUCTION

The background of this study is the existence of different religious education models that are applied at Indonesian universities. Generally, in the majority of universities in Indonesia, religion is delivered exclusively. In a sense, Islamic religious material is taught to Muslims, while the teachings of other religions are taught to their respective adherents. This has been long enough, and the country is present in the form of providing support. For example, Belmawa provide teaching module Islam, Protestantism, Catholicism, Hinduism, Buddhism, and Confucianism written by professors from respected Indonesian universities. [1] The book can then be downloaded for free to support the learning process and become a standard that can be used by all groups. Despite the academic freedom of the material can be adjusted as necessary.

However, there are practices which are not all the same. By following the pattern of academic freedom, there are universities that carry out religious learning with students who have diverse backgrounds (multicultural). Tanri Abeng University is one of them. University founded by Tanri Abeng is an Indonesian businessman. He served as the State Minister of State-Owned Enterprises in the VII Development Cabinet and the Development Reform Cabinet was located in the South Jakarta Region. The University has a very diverse student. And while giving religious education, the model adopted is an integrative model in which a lecturer teaching about religion and values that are sometimes in it to students who have different backgrounds.

In these conditions, the teaching pattern must be adjusted. One vehicle to adjust is known as curriculum development. [2] As mandated by the national education law, that a college Institute cloned partitions do development curriculum in a manner and periodically to adopt their rapidly developing existing ones.

So, the purpose of this paper is to explain how a curriculum development process is carried out in the field of study or religious studies. This study also considers how students are used as important references in curriculum development. One very significant finding from this study is that changes in curricular development can be carried out in a structured and massive manner by considering existing needs. Curriculum development also implies deep acceptance from students. Acceptance that allows for a better teaching and learning process. This study shows that the curriculum development process may take place in a different way. This study therefore is important to act as the evidence.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Religious Education and Multiculturalism

One study that explains the study of religious education in a global context is Religious Education: A Creative Time and Space for Spiritual Development. Ann Casson describes religious education in schools as an Education that emphasizes rigorous academic discipline and part of students' spiritual development. Often the perspective used in this study is the curriculum. It is therefore interesting to say that this study is part of a study of curriculum development for religious education. [3]

In the local context in Indonesia, especially in religious education in the most classic Islamic Education Institution,
pesantren, it seems that Professor Raihani’s study is one that can be called pioneer. Raihani in the Curriculum Construction in the Indonesian Islamic Boarding School: A Study of Curriculum Development in Two Different Islamic Boarding Schools in South Kalimantan explained how the religious education curriculum was constructed as part of curriculum development. [4]

However, studies of curriculum development from religious curricula are emphasized theology and rituals leading to studies that instill value, it seems that there have not been many studies in Indonesia. Therefore, this paper is the first step in documenting that this kind of research can be done.

B. Mainstreaming Values on Religious Education

Religious values have been studied Robabeh, Mahboobeh, & Mahsa for example study two Turkish groups, namely the Azeri and the Kurdish in relation to their religiosity. The study which also connects the religious values with the gender, education, as well as age has concluded that the Azeri are more religious compared to the other group of Turkish.[5]

Another study that conducted by number of lecturers of Islamic studies department at Universitas Negeri Jakarta to investigate lecturer’s perspective and understanding about the Islam Nusantara values such as tawazun, tasamuh, itidal and tawasuth in relation. This study is significant to understand perspective and view of the lecturers in which they could transfer to their students during the process of learning at the university level.[6]

A study by Ciarrochi & Heaven also investigate the religious values and its connection to the establishment of self-esteem. It seeks to understand the relationship between religious values and self-esteem among students of grade 11 and 12.[7]

In addition to the above, Baidhawy also study the religious values in relation with the multicultural issues in the Indonesian context. The study indentify the content of religious texts used by Muslim preachers and its relationship with multicultural understanding.[8]

The above studies show that mainstreaming religious values for social and educational studies is possible and number of authors have published numeral publication in the field. My work is another example of employing religious values, particularly the Islamic values, in the development of curriculum at the Tanri Abeng University.

III. METHODOLOGY

This paper seeks to answer the question of how a curriculum development changes the direction of the curriculum that emphasizes formal ritual into a curriculum that emphasizes value and community integration within the framework of the NKRI. This is a gradual change from the curriculum of Islamic religious courses that is more like a school to a curriculum that emphasizes essence that is considered more suitable at the college level. Moreover, this religious course is given to students from among students.

Therefore, this study uses a qualitative approach [9] to answer the problems posed. The data collection was carried out mostly with literature studies. The collection of data coupled with the distribution of survey to find out what the opinions of students who get religious learning with the focus and approach to religious values and the implementation of more tolerant religious learning for students who have different religious backgrounds.

In simple terms, the population of this study was students of Universitas Indonesia and Students of Tanri Abeng University. However, this study only focuses on a sample consisting of three classes of religious studies consisting of about five twenty students of Tanri Abeng University in 2018. However, the sample involved only three classes of Islamic Education students. The research instruments used in this study were observation on the class participation and also questionnaires asking about their feeling and understanding. The observation has been carried out during the class as well as the distribution of the questionnaire by the lecturer. The data then later analyzed with social scientific approach.

IV. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

This research attempts to explain how the development process curriculum religious studies at college high. How can Value mainstreaming is done in the development of religious curriculum. This will show the role of religion in the education of multiculturalism in Indonesian context. Data collection is done in several ways: observation and literature review. For the second literature review and teaching experience in two universities, Tanri Abeng University and the University of Indonesia.

A. About Tanri Abeng University

Tanri Abeng University or Tanri Abeng University (Acronym: TAU) is a private university founded by businessmen and former State Minister of State-Owned Enterprises in the VII Development Cabinet and the Development Reform Cabinet, Tanri Abeng University covering 1 hectare, located in Ulujami, Pesanggrahan, Jakarta South.

TAU itself is a Boutique University equipped with lecture rooms with varied models, including libraries, theater, auditorium, research & publication center, counseling and career center, language center, executive center for global leadership (ecgl), student club, dining hall, basement carpark, and clinic. To support outdoor activities and activities and maintain health, there are also various sports facilities, such as rooftop swimming pools, gymnasiums, tennis courts, futsal, basketball, badminton, mini golf, table tennis and chess park, surrounded by parks and beautiful surroundings and smoke free. Several national figures became the TAU Senate Council, such as: Dr. Abdulgani, MA; Prof. Dr. Anwar Nasution; Prof. Dr. OC Kaligis; Prof. Dr. Ryaas Rasyid, and others.

Tanri Abeng University provides high academic standards with a customized curriculum equivalent to universities in the United States and the United Kingdom. The campus administration regulation system is certified by the United Registration of System (URS) for ISO 9001-2008 and is moving towards certification of the National Accreditation Agency (BAN). Students must pass the entrance test to be accepted at TAU. This test will also help
students choose the one that best suits their talents and interests.

The vision of Tanri Abeng University is to become a world university that produces superior professional leaders and managers and can improve people's welfare in 2027. While the mission of the university consists of:

1. Educating the next generation of future leaders, who teach and transform management and leadership skills.
2. Promoting management as a profession through in-depth studies with research and publications to meet the needs of companies, industries and government.
3. Preparing the nation's future leaders with the best talent qualifications

B. Religious Studies at Tanri Abeng University

Religious studies at Tanri Abeng University can be described into these following meeting and topics:

Meeting 1 World Religions. Which covers the introduction to the course with some understanding on the world religions definition and development.

Meeting 2 Beliefs and Basic Teachings. Introduction to the course, instructor's lecture, questions and answer sessions. Assigned Readings include some articles and/or books about world major religions, finding some similarities and differences between the religions as well as some commonalities in them as a moral resource in the tradition of many societies. Film screening ‘The Ultimate Reality’ and discussion. Readings can be found in folder Meeting 1-2.

Meeting 3 Finding Universal Values. Meeting 4 Human and Spirituality. Continued discussion of the previous meetings but with specific purpose to draw some common values existing in each tradition about achieving good in human life. Spirituality, beyond religion and tradition. This will discuss some of the lines written by some well-known scholars such as Jalaluddin Rumi and other poets.

Meeting 5 Harmony with Nature. Meeting 6 Midterm Test. Reading and discussing some of the issues with the focus on the relationship between men and nature which include environment and animals and other contemporary issues locally and globally. Documentary film screening, ‘Think about other people’, ‘Ministry of Education’, and ‘Inspired by Muhammad Series about Environment’, to be discussed in class, students’ presentations, and class discussion.

Meeting 7 Technology and Responsibility. Meeting 8 Economy and Fairness. The human pursue knowledge and try to master technology with ethical and responsibility issues. The ‘Islamic’ golden ages and the connection with the Europe and the modern era. Group discussion, students’ presentations, and class discussions. Economy and Fairness, searching for ideal economic systems, what is conventional and religious or sharia economy? How they differ? And why they matter? This will be conducted in discussion sessions.

Meeting 9 Social Justice. Meeting 10 Plurality of Cultures. Social issues and the solutions, social freedom, human rights, freedom of speech, freedom of expressions, anti-social behaviors, conflicts, crimes, punishments, courts, rehabilitations. Group discussions, student’s presentation, class discussions. Case studies; Muhammad cartoon, Charlie Hebdo’s attack, etc.

Diversity of world cultures; the world is not created with one nation, yet with diversity of traditions and cultures. Documentary film screening ‘Al-Amanah fi Tokyo’ and ‘United we stand, divided we fall’. This will be conducted with group work, class presentations and discussions.

Meeting 11 Understanding Others. Meeting 12 Final Exam. Lecturer’s presentation; personality types and intercultural communications and question and answer session. Class discussions; Intercultural relations, discussions, simulations and closing the sessions.

The above meeting and topics of the religious studies show that the religious studies subject at the Tanri Abeng University does not necessarily follow the topics suggested by the Belmawa of the Kemenristekdikti. The Tanri Abeng University come up with different topics which allow the students and the instructor to share the religious values such as universal values of religions, harmony with nature, technology and responsibility, as well as social justice which are based on religious teachings of the world religion to be studied and implemented in the classroom where the students come from different background of religions.

The religious studies subject at the Tanri Abeng University allow students with different background to take the subject and study in the same class. According to my observation, at least there were students from Islam, Confucianism, Catholicism, Protestantism, and Buddhism background of faith studying the values of religions.

The use of religious values suits the need better as the Tanri Abeng University makes effort in education the student better understanding of multiculturalism in the Indonesian context. This understanding is seen a crucial element in developing and maintain a harmonious life among the citizen of Indonesia.

V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION

This paper explains that mainstreaming the values in religious studies can be done by changing the nature of the curriculum exclusive to one religion, become more inclusive curriculum by elaborating and accommodating of religious values in accordance with the religious background of diverse learners. In this case the change is done by denying the formal side of the ritual and putting forward the values and common ground.

Based on the experience of teaching in Tanri Abeng University, the author can say that i pick the students tend to feel a new experience of studying religion. This is still dominant has a positive side. From three years of teaching, only one time and one student made a complaint because he felt he was required to learn about other religions that were different from his religion.

This research is important to address that argument of religious learning in the college level should be different.
Not the same as the school level which can emphasize cognitive aspects and memorization and rituals. But at the college level a steeper should have started to adopt the old system as a basis, but the emphasis on the value of what religious goals are important. Moreover, this armpit is associated with multicultural issue is very important and how a religion can maintain social cohesion in Indonesia.

In this paper, the authors propose recommendations that there are two synergistic levels of focus on religious teaching at the school and university level.

First level. Religious education in higher education institutions should be different in the material focus and emphasis on learning outcomes. At the elementary and secondary levels, religious education is needed to become the basis of knowledge and dogma (theology). So that the theme themes that are specific to the teachings of each religion are exclusively important to emphasize. Besides memorization and repetition are things that must be done. This is expected to be the basis for cognitive knowledge of students who will later develop into obedience. Also, demonstrating exemplary is a strategy used in internalizing religious values in students. [10]

If this can be realized, then religious education at the tertiary level should have a different focus and approach. The focus of these approaches should be the development of the first level. Religious studies at the college level should begin to touch on the essence of understanding, understanding values, and multi-application perspective from religion. So, not only rituals that need to be emphasized, but especially what is the meaning of the study of religion. A person with a religious armpit a day also contributes to the completion of a social solution. For example, about diversity and unity of nationalism.

Thus, religious studies at the tertiary level can put more emphasis on the value of the religion. Not only stop at formal rituals. For example, how zakat is the solution to the inequality of justice in economy. For example, how religion has and becomes a strong base in ecological problems. For example, how religion can become a social cohesion and open a nation's divide as understanding the shallow mindset.

Moreover, in the context of when students or students are multicultural in different religious backgrounds, the formal discussion of religious rituals with references to just one religion becomes inappropriate. The curriculum development should be more on finding common ground from the various values of religious values with the spirit to understand and maintain the integrity of this nation and country. This is the importance of mainstreaming values in religious teaching in universities in Indonesia.

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